

FORUM: Security Council

QUESTION OF: The question of the People's Republic of China's military escalation due to tensions in Cross-Strait relations

SUBMITTED BY: United States

CO-SUBMITTERS: France, United Kingdom, Albania.

Signatories: Mexico, Albania, Kenya, Ghana, Gabon, Admin of Turkey, Admin of Russia.

SECURITY COUNCIL,

Reminding that one UNs main goals is to develop friendly relations among nations based on respect for the principle of equal rights and self-determination of peoples, and to take measures to strengthen universal peace,

Noting that Taiwan has formal diplomatic relations with 14 UN states and informal relations with 58 UN states,

Noting with approval of the democratic government of Taiwan,

Keeping in mind, Taiwan already recognizes itself as an independent country and would like to officially be noted as one,

Noting with regret that the United Nations General Assembly Resolution 2758 (also known as the Resolution on Admitting Peking) was passed in response to the United Nations General Assembly Resolution 1668 acknowledging the People's Republic of China (PRC) as "the only legal representation of China to the United Nations" and expelled "Chiang Kai-Shek's representatives" from the UN,

Having considered that on July 8, 1998, several countries requested to review resolution 2758,

Emphasizing the dramatic consequences on the maritime traffic in the china sea, and by extension on a large number of countries's economies, that an aggravation of tensions in the regions would have,

1. *Strongly encourages* nation states to re-evaluate the recognition of Taiwan through;
 - a. Revising nation states' One China Policy,
 - b. Reviewing the UN's Resolution number 2758,
 - c. Increasing the strength of the economic and political ties with Taiwan;
2. *Condemns* the Chinese government's interference with Taiwan's sovereignty;
3. *Calls upon* member states to not support any actions taken by the People's Republic of China that interfere with Taiwan's sovereignty through means such as but not limited to;
 - a. Imposing economic sanctions,

- b. Expelling China from global markets,
 - c. Removing China from the international financial messaging system Swift,
 - d. Stopping their participation in the Belts and Road Initiative
 - e. Providing military aid to Taiwan in forms such as but not limited to;
 - i. Increased military support,
 - ii. Sending both United Nations' peacekeeping forces and individual countries' soldiers to aid ;
- 4. *Invites* China to reconsider its territorial assimilation plan and rather consider a process of rapprochement between the two governments in a passive way;
- 5. *Strongly encourages* a second democratic, fair and transparent referendum to be held by 2024 in Taiwan in order to;
 - a. Internally and externally, reevaluate the country's independence status,
 - b. Gain international legitimacy on the subject at hand.